# SS3BH GEINOOSSY IWA-ENMANO TENHOW

## Bee buster

Hanging from a friend's helicopter, pest controller Mike Knight braves the fury of wasps Thursday as he applies poison to their car-size nest atop a tree in Pawarenga, New Zealand. Knight wore a diver's wet suit along with beekeeper's garb and a mask.

#### Building Survey

Name: Location: Town: Architect: Buildors:

Date built:

Pictures of: Bldg: Original Owners:
Subsequent owners:

FGSs: Orig. Owners:

Pedigree: Orig. Owners:

Histories: Orig. Owners:

Special Notes:

References: 1.
3.

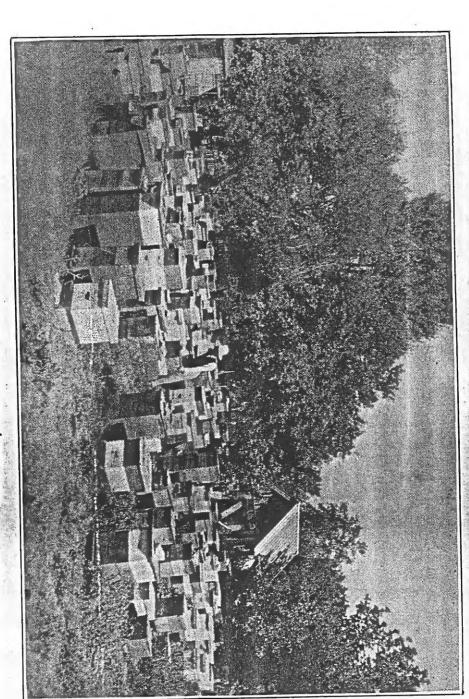
BRIGHAM YOUNG,
HEBER C. KIMBALL,
WILLARD RICHARDS.
City, Deseret, April 7, 1851.

Deseret News, April 19, 1851 ADDENDA TO THE

GENERAL EPISTLE of the Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints, at Salt Lake Valley, State of Descret, ints scattered throughout the Earth,

o perfect an article as is desirable ter, is not sufficiently understood to or a certainty, that with little labor, he art of removing the gas and foremselves comfortable le with beets, in the manufacture of sugar, molasses, and honey for the ped notice on our communication of VED BRETHREN.—Some items havspecific results of which, in minute and vinegar, mostly in private faminst., we again resume the pen, in a good quality. has been produced from the same ly who have a supply of beets can particularly to the necessary supthe white sugar-beet seed they pos-Deseret. are not informed; but we have Some experiments have Let the brethren for molasses,

s. Beach (of St. Louis,) and Blair (of have opened a general manufacturing ment this spring, mostly too late for out progressing in making molasses agar. It is expected that this estabwill continue its operations, and be for more extended labors on the of another harvest, but it will not be for one factory to supply all the sweet hanufacturer of sugar from the beet.



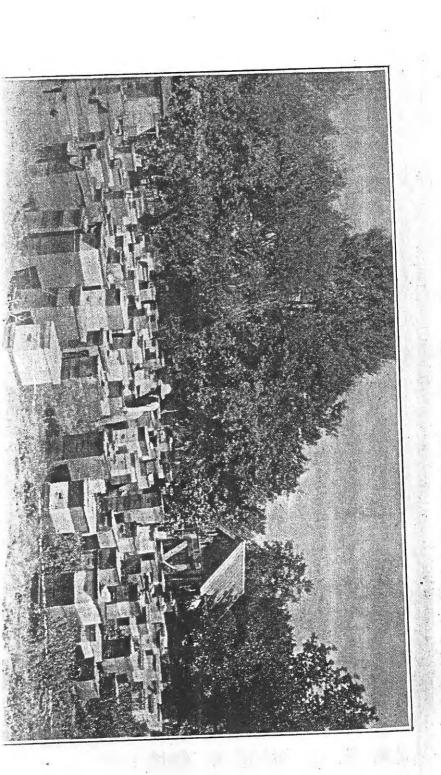
UTAH MOUNTAIN APIARY

Courtesy Salt Lake City Chamber of Commerce.

ER C. KIMBALL, LARD RICHARDS. t, April 7, 1851.

s, April 19, 1851
TO THE
EPISTLE of the
t of Latter-day Saints,
alley, State of Deseret,
throughout the Earth,

our communication of our communication of in resume the pen, in to the necessary supes, and honey for the some experiments have in the manufacture of mostly in private famts of which, in minute aformed; but we have that with little labor, a supply of beets can a supply of beets can alfortable for molasses, loving the gas and for afficiently understood to



the past winter, driving off cattle ote settlements, but with less threatife than formerly, and more secret epredations. . . . .

BRIGHAM YOUNG, HEBER C. KIMBALL, WILLARD RICHARDS. Jeseret, April 7, 1851.

Desert News, April 19, 1851 ADDENDA TO THE

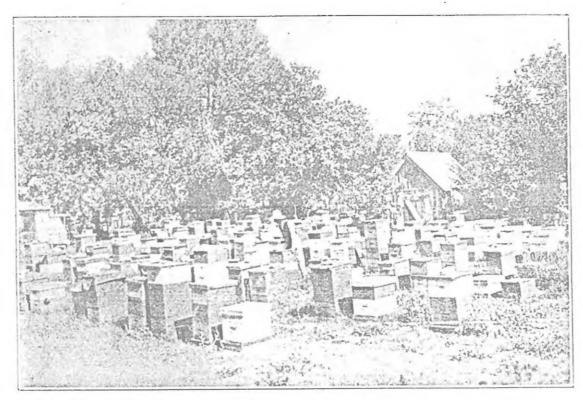
I GENERAL EPISTLE of the I Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints, at Salt Lake Valley, State of Descret, ints scattered throughout the Earth,

VED BRETHREN .- Some items havned notice on our communication of inst., we again resume the pen, in particularly to the necessary supsugar, molasses, and honey for the of Descret. Some experiments have le with beets, in the manufacture of and vinegar, mostly in private famspecific results of which, in minute ce are not informed; but we have for a certainty, that with little labor, ily who have a supply of beets can nemselves comfortable for molasses, he art of removing the gas and fortter, is not sufficiently understood to o perfect an article as is desirable. has been produced from the same of a good quality. Let the brethren I the white sugar-beet seed they pos-

i, for years to come. s. Beach (of St. Louis.) and Blair (of have opened a general manufacturing ment this spring, mostly too late for out progressing in making molasses eggr. It is expected that this estabwill continue its operations, and be l for more extended labors on the h of another harvest, but it will not be for one factory to supply all the sweet I be needed; and if a practical chemmanufacturer of sugar from the beet, ands the business in all its or company of individuals, who rally versed in the various branches, me to this place and open their sugar s, our farmers and families would surrender their domestic operations, cure their supplies, in a more perfect

ale. Passenning and it would now

From SLCU



UTAH MOUNTAIN APIARY

Courtesy Salt Lake City Chamber of Commerce.

Wah - Alter Vol. 1:129

The less had to be fed = sugar

Leveral personer Bakeyser . E single ar very few hives.

### Beekeepers sweeten income by sending the hives west to collect pollination fees

By Kirk Mitchell 1/-13-86 Deseret News correspondent

DRAPER — Some beekeepers in the state are avoiding disastrous cold weather by trucking their bees to California in the winter and making pollination commissions from fruit and nut growers.

"Without pollination fees, many beekeepers would not be able to make it," said Vern Barrett, a beekeeper with approximately 500 hives.

Barrett ships 400 of his hives to Fresno, Calif., each December or January to pollinate almond trees for six weeks and then produce honey in orange orchards.

Pollination fees ranging from \$18 to \$26 a hive account for 50 percent of Barrett's income from bees. Taking

the bees to California not only gives Barrett an extra income from his bees but also allows them to get a twomonth head start on the spring.

"It may make the difference between the bees producing excess honey and not being able to produce enough for themselves," Barrett said.

Barrett rents a 2-ton semitrailer for \$800 and ships his bees early in the morning with a vinyl screen over the hives to keep them in when the weather gets warmer.

While it is cold and the truck is rumbling, which bees interpret as a storm, they stay in their hives. As soon as it gets warmer and the truck stops, some of the bees get out.

"We put the bees in holding areas until the almond trees have 10 percent of their blossoms out. Then we distribute them in the orchards," Barrett said.

The warm weather allows the queen bees to lay thousands of eggs. "The bees' number doubles and even triples during this time," Barrett said. At the same time, the bees use up their honey storage because they do not produce honey from the almond trees, so beekeepers are forced to feed the bees with tons of a sugar-water mixture.

After the almond trees lose their blossoms, Barrett takes his bees 80 miles away to Portersville and distributes the hives in orange groves. Because the orange trees do not require pollination, beekeepers pay orchard owners in honey or fees for about a month.

During this time, the bees replenish their hives with a bitter honey that cannot be sold. It keeps them alive until dandelions and wild flowers start to bloom.

Steven Bonner
Colleen
1462 So. US Highway 40
Heber, Ut. 654-4075